

The Wheeling Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1891.

VOLUME XL--NUMBER 57.

A RIOT IN CORK.

Incident to the Reception of Dillon and O'Brien.

THE MCCARTHYITE CONVENTION

Does Not Pass Off Without Bloodshed. The Feeling Between the Irish Factions Grows More Bitter Each Day. Violent Utterances by Partisans. Mr. Morley on Parnell--Other Interesting Foreign News.

Cork, Oct. 27.--The feeling aroused throughout Ireland, and especially in this city, by recent political and factional sayings and doings is very bitter, and threatens to result in serious conflicts between the McCarthyites and Parnellites. There were several affairs here yesterday evening at the close of the various political meetings, and sticks and stones were freely used by both parties. The result is that a number of members of the two opposing parties are being nursed in the hospitals and elsewhere for severe wounds incurred during the fray.

The sermon preached last Sunday at Kilkenny by Father Fideles, of the order of St. Francis is much commented upon here and elsewhere. Father Fideles, upon that occasion, bitterly denounced Charles Stewart Parnell, saying that "the most depraved monster who ever lived" was now "swept off the face of the earth." The reverend gentleman also said that the women who were supporting him were "limbs of the devil" and that the local workmen's club was "a synogue of hell."

The National Press, organ of the McCarthyites, referring to the attempt made last night to do damage to its building, and possibly to injure or kill some members of its staff, by exploding a bomb supposed to have contained dynamite in the area in front of the windows on Abbey street, where the editorial rooms are situated, says in its issue of this date: "The men who laid the infernal machine at our doors have been taught for the past ten months by the *Freeman's Journal* and by *United Ireland* that freedom of speech will no longer be tolerated and that every opposing Nationalist may rightfully be mobbed, and, if necessary, murdered. They are instruments of crime who have been educated by their masters to the cowardly practice of their own precepts of Parnellism. With the death of their creator they have descended to the practices of nihilists and carbonari."

O'BRIEN AND DILLON ARRIVE. Messrs. William O'Brien and John Dillon arrived here to-day. The two distinguished members of parliament were met by a deputation composed of members of the national federation and representatives of the Gaelic club, the municipal officers and a large number of admirers. A large number of people lined the route followed by the procession which followed Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon from the railroad station. The procession was headed by a brass band and was escorted by a strong detachment of police.

The reception accorded to the two members of parliament may, on the whole, be said to have been of a mixed nature. There were no disturbances of the peace. Mr. O'Brien, during the press at the assembly rooms, said that he was willing to give fair play to his opponents, but added he would not yield to "brick bats and dynamite bombs," a remark which was received with considerable loud applause. Continuing, Mr. O'Brien said that they, the Parnellites, might blow up the office of the newspaper representing the views of the McCarthyites, but he exclaimed, "they cannot destroy the spirit which animates that party." (Tremendous applause, mingled with some hooting.)

At another part of his discourse Mr. O'Brien, amid cheers, called upon Mr. John E. Redmond, the Parnellite candidate for Cork and the new leader of the Parnellites, to repudiate all responsibility for the violence noted in connection with the dynamite incident last night in Dublin.

A RIOT.

After the Cork county convention had adjourned there was a serious fight in the streets of this city between the McCarthyites and the Parnellites. As soon as the convention had closed its proceedings Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien passed through the city, still accompanied by the procession which met them at the railroad station. Suddenly the McCarthyites were attacked by a large mob of Parnellites and both sides fought desperately with sticks, clubs, stones and pickets. A detachment of mounted police was sent for and they spurred their horses in between the two lines of combatants, striking right and left with the flat of their sabres and showers of stones and bricks. A large number of wounded were stretched, bleeding and groaning, in the streets before the troops restored order. The neighboring hospitals had to find accommodation for many wounded persons by the time hostilities were suspended. Great excitement is everywhere in Cork this evening. The antagonistic groups, it is feared, will reassemble, and there is danger that the battle between them will be resumed.

A Parnellite Tragedy.

Limerick, Oct. 27.--Two boys of this city quarreled to-day while discussing the question of the leadership of the Irish parliamentary party. Finally one of the lads struck the other over the head with a stone, fracturing his skull, for refusing to answer whether he was in favor of the late Mr. Parnell or Mr. Healey.

Mr. Morley on Parnell.

LONDON, Oct. 27.--Mr. John Morley, M. P. for New Castle-on-Tyne, spoke at Manchester last night. In the course of his remarks he said that Mr. Parnell was still a powerful and extraordinary personality. In cold, long sighted clearness and perception of facts he surpassed any one that Mr. Morley had ever met, either in literature or politics. He had the quality which Napoleon desired to have in his generals, and like Count Cavour he united the utmost precision of ideas with a tenacious, fearless will. He was a consummate parliamentary tactician and as a party leader overcame difficulties that baffled nearly

every predecessor. Unfortunately the stage darkened before the curtain fell. He, however, was glad to think that though the provocation was extreme through the tragic fifth act of the drama, neither himself nor his colleagues used a single recriminating word in relation to Mr. Parnell whose latter actions never blinded them to the importance of the work he achieved for Ireland. For himself, come weal, come woe, he would never regret that he had given six of the best years of his life to this great cause.

Mrs. Parnell Improving. LONDON, Oct. 26.--The health of Mrs. Parnell, widow of Charles Stewart Parnell, now shows some slight signs of improvement. She is able to partake of food.

Parnell's Papers.

LONDON, Oct. 27.--At the particular request of Mrs. Parnell the papers of the late Mr. Parnell have been placed in sealed boxes and deposited in the box of Brighton.

TOO MUCH CURIOSITY.

Boys Who Attempted to Wreck Trains Merely to Gratify Their Desire to See a Disaster.

LONDON, Oct. 27.--On Friday last, following immediately upon the attempt to wreck an express train on the Great Western railroad near Reading by placing a number of sleepers across the railway, it was announced that the Eastbourne express had been nearly wrecked near Croydon by a quantity of fish plates and iron chairs which had been placed across the rails in front of the Eastbourne train. In both cases the engine plowed through the obstructions and did not leave the rails; in the case of the Croydon outrage, the engine was greatly damaged; in both cases a serious calamity was averted by the engineers, who caught sight of the obstructions in time to "down brakes" and reduce the train's headway before it was too late.

The police of Reading and Croydon, assisted by detectives from the criminal investigation department of Scotland Yard, have, since the attempt to wreck the two express trains, been vigorously trying to track the rascals concerned in the outrages. To-day the police of Croydon succeeded in arresting two boys, who were arraigned and charged with placing the obstructions in front of the Eastbourne express. At first the lads denied all knowledge of the affair, but finally they confessed, saying that they placed the fish plates and iron chairs where they were found in order that their desire to see a train derailed might be gratified.

THE NEWS CONFIRMED.

The Murder of Two Political Prisoners by Bahamaca's Followers.

PANAMA, Oct. 27.--Chilean advices say: The news concerning the murder of Mr. Manuel Maria Aldunate and his companion, Canalicoro Villota, has been confirmed. They were taken prisoners on the fifth of this month by an officer and three soldiers, and while on their way to Quito they met a band of Bahamaca's dispersed soldiers who are still marauding in that vicinity and who commenced blaming Aldunate for their defeat. The two political prisoners tried to escape by the Palmilla hills, but they were overtaken and murdered by their accusers. The next morning their bodies were found stark naked.

The Floods in Spain.

MADRID, Oct. 27.--Throughout Spain there is more or less evidence of the damage done by the floods and of the severe nature of these inundations. In many districts acute distress prevails among the poorer classes of inhabitants, and in a number of places the railroads have been cut by the high waters, which have thus stopped communication between several of the large towns of the flooded provinces.

The Elbro continues to rise, is flooding the streets of Tortose, in the province of Larragona, and is placing the surrounding country under water.

On all sides an immense amount of damage has been done and many villages are entirely isolated from the surrounding towns.

A Relief of Pope Pius IX.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 27.--The *Courier*, of this city, publishes a decree alleged to have been issued by the late Pope Pius IX. with reference to future conclaves. The decree confirms the exclusive right of the cardinals to elect a pope free from any intervention on the part of the powers. It also declares that the cardinals in Rome at the time of the death of a pope ought to decide whether the election of a new pope should take place outside of Italy, and that if any attempts should be made to interfere with a conclave it should be transferred beyond Italy.

Relief for the Sufferers.

PARIS, Oct. 27.--In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Jules Roche, the Minister of Commerce, replying to M. Dumas, a Socialist deputy, said that it was impossible for the French government to intervene in the dispute between the striking glass blowers and their employers. Later the chamber voted the sum of \$340,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the recent floods in the south of France.

Hundreds Made Homeless.

BRUXE, Oct. 27.--The official report of the fire which occurred in the town of Meirigen, in this canton, Sunday, shows that the conflagration, which was greatly increased in destructiveness by the high wind which prevailed, destroyed 120 houses, without counting numbers of barns, stables and other buildings, and rendered 784 persons homeless. The English church, in addition to nearly every other edifice of importance, is in ruins.

Anti-Jewish Riots.

VENNA, Oct. 27.--Dispatches from Russia tell of anti-Jewish riots in various places. In Tchernigoff fifty Jews were killed and hundreds were wounded. The forests are full of Jewish refugees who are dying of starvation. The Czar has sent a commission to inquire into the facts.

A Sham Battle Stopped.

PARIS, Oct. 27.--The sham attack on Paris by the army having its headquarters at Poissy have been spoiled by bad weather. When General Sausseur ordered a cessation of hostilities the invaders appeared to have had the advantage.

REPUBLICANS DIDN'T VOTE.

And the Testimony Was Not Admitted. The Pennsylvania Inquiry.

HARRISBURG, PA., Oct. 27.--In the Senate to-day Attorney General Hensel requested that State Treasurer Boyer be again placed on the stand that he might ask him a question or two.

Mr. Shapley, counsel for Mr. Boyer, objected, contending that the case against Mr. Boyer had been closed on Friday.

The attorney general claimed that the case had been closed without his knowledge. A motion to suspend the rules so as to admit that testimony was lost, yes, 23; nays, 14--not the necessary two-thirds vote in the affirmative. Many of the Republicans refrained from voting when their names were called.

Senator Penrose (Republican) offered the following resolution: "Resolved, That the examination of Mr. Boyer be confined strictly to matters pertinent, relevant and material to the charges preferred against Mr. Boyer, and to matters occurring during the terms of his office."

After extricating itself from several parliamentary snarls, consequent upon the order of procedure, the resolution was adopted and Mr. Boyer took the stand. Mr. Hensel said one of his questions would fall outside the confines of Senator Penrose's resolution, and he wanted the Senate to rule upon its admissibility. He wanted to ask Mr. Boyer "whether or not he knew at the time of his election John Bardsley carrying a balance of State money at the Keystone Bank and whether he made any agreement to permit it to remain there, and whether he knew of any agreement whereby interest on it was to be paid to Mr. Quay, or Bardsley or any one else?"

The chair stated that in his opinion it was entirely irrelevant and immaterial. Mr. Hensel then gave up the witness. Senator Robinson asked Mr. Boyer to answer the question put by the attorney general for his (Mr. Boyer's) own satisfaction.

Mr. Boyer's answer was: "No, most emphatically. I never knew that John Bardsley had a dollar of State funds in the Keystone Bank until I read it in the newspapers."

A TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

Three Persons Killed and Several Injured at Cleveland, Ohio.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 27.--The factory of the United States Mine and Supply Company was completely destroyed by an explosion followed by fire shortly after 12 o'clock this afternoon. Three persons were killed and several injured. The factory was recently established in an old brick stable on Allison avenue, which originally cost \$10,000, and made fuses, cartridges, etc., for mining operations using different preparations of gun cotton, dynamite, nitro-glycerine and gun powder. The first explosion was a heavy one, blowing the roof nearly off and shattering the walls.

The shock was felt half a mile away. Shouts and screams were heard inside the building and then all of the twelve employees excepting three, tumbled pell mell out of windows and doors. Several other lighter explosions followed, sending bricks in all directions, and in a few minutes the flames were at work. The fire was subdued and in a few hours the charred remains of John Fink, fourteen years old, Alfred Schaefer, seventeen years old, and Paul Pfannkuche, a nephew of the president of the company, were dug out of the ruins. Minnie Peck, an employee, was severely cut and bruised, and other employees injured, but none severely. The loss on the building is about \$2,500, and on the stock \$5,000.

GRAND MILITARY ENCAMPMENT

Proposed for the World's Fair--A Magnificent Scheme.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.--There was a large assembly of military men gathered in the World's Fair rooms to-day to discuss the subject of military representation at the fair. The convention was made up of men from all States in the Union. National Guard officers, World's Fair commissioners with loyal Legion buttons on their lapels, regular army officers sat side by side and talked of military matters.

Major General Nelson A. Miles, being present, was called upon to give his ideas. "In 1893," he said, "during the great fair, I would like to see a grand national encampment. We should have 100,000 men. In Europe they have great reviews. In the queen's jubilee there were 60,000 men. Austria, France and Germany each have their gigantic reviews. Recently in France 100,000 soldiers manoeuvred and the railroads showed how rapidly this great body could be transported. The President could appoint a board of competent judges to make an inspection. With the regular army regiments and these sovereign citizens of various States marshaled to uphold the power of their States and the national government, if they felt the necessity, we could have a grand encampment of 100,000 or more."

McDONALD OIL FIELD.

A Number of Good Wells Come in--The Run Monday.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 27.--A number of good wells were brought in in the McDonald field to-day. The most important was the People's Natural Gas Company's well, which opens up considerable territory in the southeast. It is doing 90 barrels an hour. The Sturgeon No. 2, of the Oakdale Oil Co., started off at 100 barrels an hour. The Shaffer No. 1, of the Forest Oil Co., also struck the sand and is doing 50 barrels an hour. The Elliott No. 1 was stirred up and the flow increased from 180 barrels to 250 barrels an hour. The Herron No. 4, which was agitated yesterday, is doing 400 barrels an hour. The runs of yesterday were 57,234 barrels.

A Novel Boycott Suit.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 27.--A suit was begun in the Superior Court yesterday by Mrs. Kullberg, a storekeeper of East Boston, against Rev. Hugh R. O'Donnell, a Catholic priest of that section, to recover \$5,000 damages for the ruin of plaintiff's business by a boycott placed on the store by the priest. Mrs. Kullberg refused to send her children to the parochial school and alleges in her charge that because she did so, publicly and officially issued an interdict forbidding all his parishioners and his congregation to trade or deal, or in any way associate, with the plaintiff.

WILL IT BE ELKINS?

His Appearance in Washington Strengthens the Rumor

ABOUT THE CABINET VACANCY

Which, it is Said, Will be Filled by His Ample Form--The President's Intentions Have Not Been Told to Any one, but the West Virginian is Strictly in It, so Far as Gossip is Concerned.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 27.--The fact that Mr. Elkins has been in Washington during the past twenty-four hours has had the effect to strengthen the rumor of his selection for secretary of war. It may be that President Harrison will conclude to tender the war portfolio to Mr. Elkins, but up to this evening he surely had not intimated to any one that he intended to do so. He has not even talked to any member of the Cabinet about the selection of Mr. Elkins, and if he really intends to offer the place to the West Virginian he has kept the secret well within himself, and not even his most intimate political or personal friends who have journeyed here in the interest of Mr. Elkins have been given the intimation that he is to be made secretary of war.

Quite a number of prominent Republicans, among them, it is said, Mr. Carnegie, Secretary of the Senate, Senator Edmunds and General Sewell, have urged the appointment of Mr. Elkins, and it may be said that he has been, with other men, taken into the consideration of the President; but there appears to be no more foundation at this time for the announcement that Mr. Elkins is to be secretary of war than there is for such a statement involving the name of any one of the half a dozen other men who have been named in connection with the place.

EGAN'S ORDERS.

To Demand Reparation from the Chilean Government--The Order Peremptory.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 27.--In the telegram sent by order of the President to Chile on the 23d inst., Minister Egan is instructed as follows:

You will at once bring to the attention of the government of Chile the facts as reported to you by Captain Schley, and will inquire whether there are any qualifying facts in the possession of that government, or an explanation to be offered of an event that has very deeply pained the people of the United States, not only by reason of the resulting death of one of our sailors, but even more so as an apparent expression of an unfriendliness towards this government which might put in peril the maintenance of amicable relations between the two countries. If the facts are as reported by Captain Schley, this government cannot doubt that the government of Chile will offer prompt and full reparation. You will furnish the foreign office a full paraphrase of this dispatch and report promptly to this government.

Hall Challenges Maher.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.--"Parson" Davies to-night issued the following:

"On behalf of Jim Hall, the champion middleweight pugilist of Australia, I herewith extend the following challenge to Peter Maher, champion heavy-weight pugilist of Ireland: Mr. Hall will fight Mr. Maher for the largest purse any responsible club will guarantee, and a side bet of satisfactory dimensions, to a finish, Marquis of Queensbury rules within a reasonable time, the Irish champion not to weigh more than 170 pounds. Mr. Hall will box Maher six rounds in any place agreed upon for the game receipts, Maher not to weigh more than 175 pounds. I understand that Mr. William Madden is looking after Maher's interests and hope that he will accept one of the above propositions. (Signed) "CHARLES E. DAVIES."

War on the Drug Trust.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 27.--In accordance with the anti-trust law United States District Attorney Reynolds has decided to commence an active campaign against the St. Louis Apothecaries' Association, or "drug trust." The officers of the trust have notified all wholesale dealers in the United States that all patronage will be with drawn from those houses selling to local druggists who are not members of the trust, and have appended a list of those declining to join. The result is that a firm outside the trust has received a notice from a well known New York house that the latter cannot fill an order for patent medicine until the concern has entered into the "combination." The letter has been turned over to Mr. Reynolds, who will place the matter before the United States grand jury immediately.

Tilden Will Case Decided.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 27.--The court of appeals rendered a decision this morning in the famous Tilden will case. Every expression used in the will indicates the bestowal of complete discretionary power to convey or not to convey and the creation and bestowal of such a power in the executors is wholly opposed to and fatal to the existing of an executory devise.

The opinion is written by Judge Brown and is concurred in by Chief Judge Follett and Judges Haight and Parker.

Judge Bradley writes a dissenting opinion, which is concurred in by Judges Potter and Vann.

Samuel J. Tilden, jr., was present when the decision was handed down and was warmly congratulated by many present on the outcome of the fight.

President Dill Indicted.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 27.--W. H. Dill, President of the defunct banks at Clearfield and Hazleton, was indicted by the grand jury for altering and changing the books of the bank so as to defraud and deceive the United States Bank Examiner, and also to defraud the government. Mr. Dill has been arrested and is under bond to appear before the United States Circuit Court at its session next month, when he will be tried.

WAS THE RIGHT MAN.

The Sheriff from Cincinnati Identifies a Burglar who Broke Jail.

Sheriff Val Heim, of Cincinnati, arrived in town last night, having located Tom Marshall, a man accused of burglary, who broke jail in Cincinnati a short time ago. Marshall was at the Dennis House, and the sheriff, accompanied by Officers Gaus, West and Carney, went there. Two of the officers remained outside and the other went in with the sheriff. Marshall was caught, the sheriff identified him and took him to the lockup.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

A Young Man Has His Bowels Ripped Out in a Bangle.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Oct. 27.--Calvin Rexroad, a young man twenty-eight years old, was murdered this morning in a house of ill fame in this city kept by Myrtle Spencer. He and James Smith, son of Postal Clerk Ed Smith, of this city, went to the house together last night and shortly afterward Rexroad was reported to have been cut in the abdomen and his bowels ripped out. He died at 4 o'clock this morning. He was a well known Baltimore & Ohio brakeman and lived near Ponnabore. A coroner's jury is now trying to find out who did the killing. Smith is in jail.

STRANGERS ARRIVING

Already to Attend the Martinsburg Sale. The Beet Sugar Proposition.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

MARTINSBURG, W. VA., Oct. 27.--Strangers have already begun to arrive in town to attend the large lot sale of the Mining, Manufacturing and Improvement Company, and are looking the company's land over and selecting the best sites for an investment. All are convinced of the stability of the city's boom, and indeed they could not well think otherwise. Since the organization of the company, they have located about twenty important and well paying manufacturing enterprises, which, when they all get in running shape, will employ two thousand workmen. Negotiations are now pending between the company and a large Ohio glass manufactory, and everything points to the location of the plant in a short time. To-day the company made a proposition to the executive committee on the location of the beet sugar factory, in which they agreed to give forty-two acres for a site and to plant one hundred acres of their land in beets.

Moved to Quash the Jury.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, W. VA., Oct. 27.--The Italian murder case was called before Judge Boyd, in the circuit court here this morning. The counsel for the defense entered a motion to quash the jury, which was argued until noon, when the court overruled the motion, and when court adjourned fifteen jurors out of a panel of thirty had been secured. The motion to quash the jury was made over the new jury law.

Verdict for the Plaintiff.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, W. Va., Oct. 27.--The jury in the case of Weddell against the West Virginia Improvement Company for \$10,000 damages for the loss of the life of one Grove, an employee, on one of their trains some time ago, returned a verdict to-day for the plaintiff for \$3,000. The case no doubt will be appealed. Some of the best legal talent in the State was employed in the case.

THE PRAIRIE FIRES.

Many Farm Houses Burned--People Lose Their All--Much Loss of Life.

St. Louis, Oct. 27.--A dispatch from Guthrie, O. T., giving further particulars of the prairie fires says that in the Iowa reservation, where the grass was much heavier, the damage is great. The district burned is ten miles wide and fifty long. A number of people lost their horses and wagons, escaping only on horseback, and several families in wagons were caught and lost everything. It is reported here several persons have perished. Another fire started in rank grass, thirty miles north of here, Saturday night, and burned so fast that everything was swept before it. Fully fifty farm houses burned. A number of people are missing and it is almost certain that some of them have died in the flames. The village of Cimarron was completely wiped out and many of the inhabitants badly burned. They saved their lives by jumping into the river. The mail carried from Mulhall was caught and totally burned. The reports from the burned district are yet very meager, but the damage will be well up toward \$100,000, and if a wind should spring this damage will be terrible.

How Will they Reach the Czar?

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 27.--The Siberian Exile Petition Association has a white elephant on its hands. Having secured the signatures of some half a million or more American citizens to the petitions requesting the Czar of all the Russias to infuse by example a little more of the milk of human kindness into his realm, the question arises before them: What will we do with it? How get it before his august and imperial majesty?

Why Evans Succeeded.

BOSTON, MASS., Oct. 27.--A morning paper prints a story to the effect that the suicide of Irving A. Evans, the broker, was due to the action in certain large business transactions who refused to perform his part of the contract in a deal which involved the loss of some \$350,000. This loss, it is supposed, in the weakened condition both financially and mentally in which Mr. Evans found himself, drove him to suicide.

Duty on Corn to be Renowned.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 27.--A special from the City of Mexico says there is a well founded rumor on the streets that the duty on corn will be removed by the Mexican government owing to the shortness of crops and the famine prevailing in several States of the Republic.

CLEVELAND SPEAKS

At the Opening of the New Club House in New York

BY THE GOTHAM BUSINESS MEN

Of the Democratic Persuasion--He Takes Occasion to Say Something About Honest Money, which His Supporters in Ohio Do Not Want. Mr. Flower's Business Career Eulogized.

New York, Oct. 27.--When Grover Cleveland was a Presidential candidate in 1884, leading men of his party on the Produce Exchange organized a business men's association, which was very active. The organization has been maintained and last winter was incorporated as the New York Democratic Club, with a club house on Fifth avenue.

Under the auspices of this club a campaign meeting was held to-night in Madison Square Garden. Governor Hill was present, as a speaker, and ex-President Cleveland presided. Each was roundly cheered as he appeared upon the stage. The ex-President and governor greeted each other cordially. Banker J. Edward Simmons then called the meeting to order and presented Mr. Cleveland as chairman. After expressing pleasure upon being present with business men, the ex-President said:

It must be confessed that both here and in other parts of the country those engaged in business pursuits have kept too much aloof from public affairs and have too generally acted on the theory that neither their duty as citizens nor personal interests required of them any habitual participation in political movements. This indifference and inactivity have resulted in a loss to our public service. I am firmly of the belief that if a few business men could be substituted for professional men in official places the people would positively gain by the exchange. And it is strange to me that our business men have not been quicker to see that their neglect of political duty is a constant danger to their personal and special interests. They may labor and plan in their counting houses or in their exchanges, but in the meantime laws may be passed by those ignorant of their business bearings, which in their operation will counteract all this labor and defeat all this planning.

Can any one doubt that the political verdict which the people of New York will give in November next will affect her position in the general national engagement which will take place one year hence? In this view the proper adjustment of the tariff, which concerns materially, not only all of our people, but the commerce and the business of our city, should be discussed. This and the question of sound currency cannot be separated from the business interests of our State, and they should be put before our people for the purpose of inviting their thought and settling their opinions. The exercise of the right of self suffrage is a serious business, and a man's vote ought to express his opinion on the questions at issue. This it utterly fails to do if the voter refuses to listen to the ravings of our opponents and allows his vote merely to record the extent to which he has yielded to the misleading and cunningly devised appeals to his prejudices, made in behalf of a desperate and discredited minority. Such a vote does not influence in the least the real settlement of any of the weighty matters of policy and principles upon which the people are called to pronounce judgment.

GAMBLING CAUSED IT.

A Trusted Man's Fall--His Embezzlement Reported by His Own Father.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 27.--William L. Munson, whose shortage of over \$15,000 as assistant secretary to Fulton Building Association No. 4, was reported last night by his own father to the directors, has been for some time traveling passenger agent of the Kentucky Central railroad.

He has stood high in public estimation, was happily married and is living back of Newport, Ky. When seen late last night he made no denial of his guilt, but expressed astonishment that it had reached so large a sum. He frankly confessed that it was all due to his inordinate love of gambling. He was a habitual better at the races, and lost much money also at poker. Being in receipt of a good salary his expenditures on the race track did not excite unusual suspicion. His losses at poker were necessarily known to but a few. His method of defrauding the association consisted in taking money each night when weekly dues were paid and juggling the books in such an ingenious way that neither his father, who was secretary, nor his brother, who was second assistant, nor the auditing committee discovered it until within a very short time. He took comparatively small sums each week and hid upon a method of covering up his embezzlement in a most peculiar manner. Of course it required a falsifying of the books, but even this was not apparent until the most searching tests were applied.

Steamship News.

LONDON, Oct. 27.--The White Star steamer *Tautonic*, which sailed from New York October 21 for Liverpool was signalled off Brow Head at 9:55 o'clock this morning, having beaten the fastest previous record from New York. The *Tautonic* reports stormy weather during the passage.

New York, Oct. 27.--Arrived--Steamer

Arizona, from Liverpool.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, fair till Thursday, warmer by Wednesday night, variable winds; warmer Thursday.

For Western Pennsylvania, fair Wednesday; warmer by Thursday night; warmer Thursday, northwesterly winds.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.

As furnished by G. SCHNEIDER, druggist, Opera House corner:

7 a. m. 41; 8 a. m. 41; 9 a. m. 41; 10 a. m. 41; 11 a. m. 41; 12 m. 41; 1 p. m. 41; 2 p. m. 41; 3 p. m. 41; 4 p. m. 41; 5 p. m. 41; 6 p. m. 41; 7 p. m. 41; 8 p. m. 41; 9 p. m. 41; 10 p. m. 41; 11 p. m. 41; 12 m. 41.